

This article was downloaded by:

On: 26 January 2011

Access details: *Access Details: Free Access*

Publisher *Taylor & Francis*

Informa Ltd Registered in England and Wales Registered Number: 1072954 Registered office: Mortimer House, 37-41 Mortimer Street, London W1T 3JH, UK



## Liquid Crystals

Publication details, including instructions for authors and subscription information:

<http://www.informaworld.com/smpp/title~content=t713926090>

### Editorial board page for “Liquid Crystals”, Volume 4, Number 1

To cite this Article (1989) 'Editorial board page for “Liquid Crystals”, Volume 4, Number 1', *Liquid Crystals*, 4: 1, a

To link to this Article: DOI: 10.1080/02678298908028954

URL: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1080/02678298908028954>

### PLEASE SCROLL DOWN FOR ARTICLE

Full terms and conditions of use: <http://www.informaworld.com/terms-and-conditions-of-access.pdf>

This article may be used for research, teaching and private study purposes. Any substantial or systematic reproduction, re-distribution, re-selling, loan or sub-licensing, systematic supply or distribution in any form to anyone is expressly forbidden.

The publisher does not give any warranty express or implied or make any representation that the contents will be complete or accurate or up to date. The accuracy of any instructions, formulae and drug doses should be independently verified with primary sources. The publisher shall not be liable for any loss, actions, claims, proceedings, demand or costs or damages whatsoever or howsoever caused arising directly or indirectly in connection with or arising out of the use of this material.

# LIQUID CRYSTALS

An international journal in the field of anisotropic fluids

## Editors

Professor G. R. LUCKHURST  
Department of Chemistry  
The University  
Southampton SO9 5NH  
U.K.

Professor E. T. SAMULSKI  
Department of Chemistry  
University of North Carolina  
Chapel Hill  
North Carolina 27599-3290  
U.S.A.

## Assistant Editor

Dr. C. T. IMRIE  
Department of Chemistry  
The University  
Southampton SO9 5NH  
U.K.

## Editorial Board

A. Abe (Tokyo Institute of Technology, Japan); T. Asada (Kyoto University, Japan); J. Charvolin (Université Paris-Sud, Orsay, France); P. E. R. Cladis (A. T. & T. Bell Laboratories, Murray Hill, U.S.A.); M. G. Clark (G.E.C. Research, Wembley, U.K.); N. A. Clark (University of Colorado, Boulder, U.S.A.); D. Demus (Martin-Luther-Universität, Halle-Wittenberg, G.D.R.); J. W. Doane (Kent State University, U.S.A.); A. Fukuda (Tokyo Institute of Technology, Japan); H. Gasparoux (Université de Bordeaux I, France); W. M. Gelbart (University of California, Los Angeles, U.S.A.); J. A. Janik (Institute of Nuclear Physics, Kraków, Poland); W. H. de Jeu (FOM-Institute for Atomic and Molecular Physics, Amsterdam and Open University, Heerlen, The Netherlands); M. Kléman (Université Paris-Sud, Orsay, France); A. J. Leadbetter (Daresbury Laboratory, Warrington, U.K.); Lui Lam (LIN Lei) (Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China and San José State University, U.S.A.); F. M. Leslie (University of Strathclyde, U.K.); G. Lindblom (University of Umeå, Sweden); C. Noël (Ecole Supérieure de Physique et de Chimie Industrielles, Paris, France); J. Prost (Ecole Supérieure de Physique et de Chimie Industrielles, Paris, France); H. Ringsdorf (Universität Mainz, F.R. Germany); R. Shashidhar (Raman Research Institute, Bangalore, India); V. P. Shibaev (Moscow State University, U.S.S.R.); H. Stegemeyer (Universität Paderborn, F.R. Germany); G. J. T. Tiddy (Unilever Research, Port Sunlight, U.K.); T. Uchida (Tohoku University, Japan); C. Zannoni (Università di Bologna, Italy).